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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/722,153	11/25/2003	Pat Inglese	21480-RA	7010
30184 MYFRS & K A	MYERS & KAPLAN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW, L.L.C. CUMBERLAND CENTER II  EXAMINER  MORGAN JR, JACK HOSMER		· EXAMINER	
INTELLECTU			ACK HOSMER	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
ATLANTA, G	A 30339		3782	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Ар	pplication No.	Applicant(s)
		0/722,153	INGLESE, PAT
Office Action Summar	γ Ex	aminer	Art Unit
		ck H. Morgan	3782
The MAILING DATE of this con Period for Reply	nmunication appears	on the cover sheet w	vith the correspondence address -
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM TO Extensions of time may be available under the properties of the If NO period for reply is specified above, the maxing Fallure to reply within the set or extended period for Any reply received by the Office later than three mearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.70	HE MAILING DATE visions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). s communication. mum statutory period will appor reply will, by statute, caustonths after the mailing date	OF THIS COMMUN In no event, however, may a ply and will expire SIX (6) MO te the application to become A	ICATION. reply be timely filed  NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status			
<ol> <li>Responsive to communication(2a)</li> <li>This action is FINAL.</li> <li>Since this application is in concluded in accordance with the process.</li> </ol>	2b)⊠ This acti dition for allowance e	ion is non-final. except for formal mat	tters, prosecution as to the merits is D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims			
4) ⊠ Claim(s) See Continuation She  4a) Of the above claim(s)  5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) ⊠ Claim(s) See Continuation She  7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected  8) □ Claim(s) are subject to r	_ is/are withdrawn fr <u>et</u> is/are rejected. to.	rom consideration.	
Application Papers			
9)☐ The specification is objected to 10)☒ The drawing(s) filed on 25 Nove Applicant may not request that any Replacement drawing sheet(s) inc 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objective.	ember 2003 is/are: a objection to the draw luding the correction is	ving(s) be held in abeya s required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a calcalcalcalcalcalcalcalcalcalcalcalcalc	of: iority documents had iority documents had pies of the priority d rnational Bureau (PC	ve been received. ve been received in A documents have beer CT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National Stage
Attachment(s)  1)   Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) ☐ Interview	Summary (PTO-413)
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Rev     Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/Single Paper No(s)/Mail Date		Paper No	(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application

Continuation of Disposition of Claims: Claims pending in the application are 1,3-7,17,18,21,24-30,32,33,35-39,49,50,53,56-62,64,65,67-71,81,82,85,88-94,96 and 108-113.

Continuation of Disposition of Claims: Claims rejected are 1,3-7,17,18,21,24-30,32,33,35-39,49,50,53,56-62,64,65,67-71,81,82,85,88-94,96 and 108-113.

### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Allowable Subject Matter

1. The indicated allowability of claims 16, 18, 20, 28-30, 48, 50, 52, 60-62, 80, 82, 84 and 92-94 is withdrawn in view of the newly discovered reference(s) to Nattrass (US 6,056,440) and previously cited reference to LaFleur (US 5,607,237). Rejections based on the newly cited reference(s) follow.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1, 3-7, 17, 21, 24-28, 30, 32, 108, 109 and 110 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by LaFleur (US 5,607,237). LaFleur discloses a device for collection of concrete-like materials (Fig 1) said device comprising a collapsible container (10) with fold lines (32, see Col 2, lines 54-56), the container further comprising four sides, a top and a bottom where the four sides comprising length dimensions and height dimensions and the height dimensions are less than or equal to the length dimensions (See Fig 1) and the top has a periphery (30), the periphery comprising reinforcements around the top (see horizontal strips at corners, covering 18) and means (18) adapted for at least partially supporting a portion f the container whereby the container may receive the materials there within.

LaFleur discloses the bottom dimensions are equal to the length dimensions of the attached walls, the top is partially enclosed (See Fig 1), there are means for permitting entry of concrete like materials into said collapsible container which comprises a centrally located rectangular opening (See Fig 1) having a periphery. LaFleur further discloses the collapsible container comprising a material that permits water to exit without permitting concrete particles to exit which is a woven polypropylene (See Col 2, lines 25-59), the container further comprising a generally prismatic shape.

LaFleur additionally discloses a water impermeable container comprising a leak-proof liner (Col 2, lines 59-62) and also the means for supporting the container being loop supports (18) with the sides forming junctions there between (See Fig 1) and the loop supports being carried by said junctions with extensions straps (20) attached to the loop supports and means (the flat sections of the extension straps) to affix the extension straps to a support point (such as a fork lift).

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 18 and 113 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over LaFleur (US 5,607,237) in view of Kim (US 6,467,955). LaFleur discloses all the limitations of the claims except for reinforcements around the periphery of the means for

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permitting entry. Kim discloses a bulk bag (Fig 10) having a centrally located opening (16) with reinforcement around the opening in order to reinforce it (Col 5 lines 5-8) and thus prevent it from failing. Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to create the collapsible container of LaFleur with a reinforced opening as taught by Kim in order to prevent it from failing under stress.

- 4. Claim 29 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over LaFleur (US 5,607,237) in view of Meixelsperger et al. (US 6,866,073). LaFleur discloses all the limitations of the claims except for the extension straps comprising bungee cords. Meixelsperger et al. disclose a bag attached to a hopper (Fig 2 or 3) which has a bungee cord (101) employed to secure the bag to the frame assembly of a piece of machinery (Col 1, lines 44-46). Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to create the collapsible container of LaFleur with a bungee cord extension in order to secure the container to a piece of machinery.
- 5. Claims 33, 35-37, 49, 64, 65, 67-69, 81 and 96 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nattrass (US 6,056,440). Nattrass discloses a device for collection of concrete-like materials (Fig 1) comprising a collapsible container having a planar top (100) and a parallel bottom, and an opening coplanar with said top, where the container comprises four sides, a top and a bottom, the top having a perimeter and the perimeter being reinforced (See Fig 4, 166 and Col 5 lines 16-20) and means adapted for supporting a portion of the container by the material storage reservoir and

further that the bottom dimensions are equal to the length dimensions of the four sides to which the bottom is attached and the container being a generally prismatic shape. Nattrass also discloses a partially enclosed top (See Fig 3 and 4) with means (132) for permitting entry of concrete like materials into the container, the means having a periphery.

Nattrass does not disclose the length dimensions of the sides being greater than the height dimensions of the sides. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to make the length dimensions of Nattrass greater than the height dimensions. A change in proportion is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art. *In re Reese*, 129 USPQ 402.

6. Claims 33, 35-38, 39, 49, 53, 56-60, 62, 64, 65, 67-71, 81, 85, 88-92, 94, 96, 111 and 112 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over LaFleur (US 5,607,237) in view of Nattrass (US 6,056,440). LaFleur discloses a device for collection of concrete-like materials (Fig 1) said device comprising a collapsible container (10) with fold lines (32, see Col 2, lines 54-56), the container further comprising four sides, a top and a bottom where the four sides comprising length dimensions and height dimensions and the height dimensions are less than or equal to the length dimensions (See Fig 1) and the top has a periphery (30), the periphery comprising reinforcements around the top (see horizontal strips at corners, covering 18) and means (18) adapted for at least partially supporting a portion f the container whereby the container may receive the materials there within.

LaFleur discloses the bottom dimensions are equal to the length dimensions of the attached walls, the top is partially enclosed (See Fig 1), there are means for permitting entry of concrete like materials into said collapsible container which comprises a centrally located rectangular opening (See Fig 1) having a periphery. LaFleur further discloses the collapsible container comprising a material that permits water to exit without permitting concrete particles to exit which is a woven polypropylene (See Col 2, lines 25-59), the container further comprising a generally prismatic shape.

LaFleur additionally discloses a water impermeable container comprising a leak-proof liner (Col 2, lines 59-62) and also the means for supporting the container being loop supports (18) with the sides forming junctions there between (See Fig 1) and the loop supports being carried by said junctions with extensions straps (20) attached to the loop supports and means (the flat sections of the extension straps) to affix the extension straps to a support point (such as a fork lift).

LaFleur does not disclose the container having a planar top, which is parallel with the bottom. Nattrass discloses a container of similar structure to LaFleur that has a planar top that is parallel to the bottom. Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to create the collapsible container of LaFleur with a planar top parallel to the bottom as taught by Nattrass as a planar top is well known in the bag art to take up less space than a sloped top.

7. Claims 50 and 82 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over LaFleur (US 5,607,237) in view of Nattrass (US 6,056,440) as applied to claims 38,

39, 53, 56-59, 60 62, 70, 71, 85, 88-91, 92, 94, 111 and 112 above, and further in view of Kim (US 6,467,955). LaFleur as modified above discloses all the limitations of the claims except for reinforcements around the periphery of the means for permitting entry. Kim discloses a bulk bag (Fig 10) having a centrally located opening (16) with reinforcement around the opening in order to reinforce it (Col 5 lines 5-8) and thus prevent it from failing. Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to create the collapsible container of LaFleur as modified above with a reinforced opening as taught by Kim in order to prevent it from failing under stress.

8. Claims 61 and 93 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over LaFleur (US 5,607,237) in view of Nattrass (US 6,056,440) as applied to claims 38, 39, 53, 56-59, 60 62, 70, 71, 85, 88-91, 92, 94, 111 and 112 above, and further in view of Meixelsperger et al. (US 6,866,073). LaFleur as modified above discloses all the limitations of the claims except for the extension straps comprising bungee cords. Meixelsperger et al. disclose a bag attached to a hopper (Fig 2 or 3) which has a bungee cord (101) employed to secure the bag to the frame assembly of a piece of machinery (Col 1, lines 44-46). Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to create the collapsible container of LaFleur as modified above with a bungee cord extension in order to secure the container to a piece of machinery.

### Conclusion

9. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Nattrass (US 4,646,357) and Nattrass (US 5,738,619).

10. Applicant is duly reminded that a complete response must satisfy the requirements of 37 C.F. R. 1.111, including: "The reply must present arguments pointing out the specific distinctions believed to render the claims, including any newly presented claims, patentable over any applied references. A general allegation that the claims "define a patentable invention" without specifically pointing out how the language of the claims patentably distinguishes them from the references does not comply with the requirements of this section. Moreover, "The prompt development of a clear Issue requires that the replies of the applicant meet the objections to and rejections of the claims." Applicant should also specifically point out the support for any amendments made to the disclosure. See MPEP 2163.06 II(A), MPEP 2163.06 and MPEP 714.02. The "disclosure" includes the claims, the specification and the drawings.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jack H. Morgan whose telephone number is 571-272-3385. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th 8-6.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nathan Newhouse can be reached on 571-272-4544. The fax phone

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number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-

273-8300.

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Jack H Morgan Examiner Art Unit 3782

> NATHAN J. NEWHOUSE SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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